

POLYCLONAL ANTIBODY

# Anti-T7-tag pAb

Code No.	Quantity	Form
PM022	100 µL	Affinity Purified

**BACKGROUND:** Epitope tagging is a powerful and versatile strategy for detecting and purifying proteins expressed by cloned genes. Short sequences encoding the epitope tag are cloned in-frame with target DNA to produce fusion proteins containing the epitope tag peptide. Due to their small size, epitope tags do not affect the tagged protein's biochemical properties. Anti-epitope tag antibodies can serve as universal purification or detection reagents for any tag-containing protein. Anti-T7-tag antibody is directed against the 11 amino acid of *gene 10* leader peptide (MASMTGGQMG) expressed by many translation vectors. Because the peptide is the natural amino terminal end of the T7 major capsid protein, the antibody also recognizes T7 bacteriophage. Anti-T7-tag antibody is a useful reagent to easily identify, detect, or purify of T7-tag fusion proteins from cell lysates.

**SOURCE:** This antibody was purified from rabbit serum using affinity column. The rabbit was immunized with carrier protein (CP) conjugated synthetic peptide, CP-MASMTGGQMG.

**FORMULATION:** 100 µL volume of PBS containing 50% glycerol, pH 7.2. No preservative is contained.

**STORAGE:** This antibody is stable for one year from the date of purchase when stored at -20°C.

**REACTIVITY:** This antibody reacts with T7-tag on Western blotting and Immunoprecipitation.

### APPLICATIONS:

Western blotting; 1:1,000

Immunoprecipitation; 5 µL/sample

Immunohistochemistry; Not tested

Immunocytochemistry; Not tested

Flow cytometry; Not tested

Chromatin Immunoprecipitation; Not tested\*

\*It is reported that this polyclonal antibody can be used in Chromatin Immunoprecipitation in the following

Ichiyama, K., *et al.*, *J. Biol. Chem.* **283**, 17003-17008 (2008).

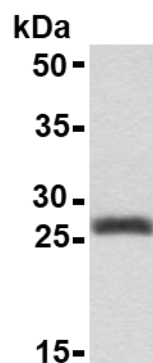
Detailed procedure is provided in the following **PROTOCOLS**.

### INTENDED USE:

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

### REFERENCES:

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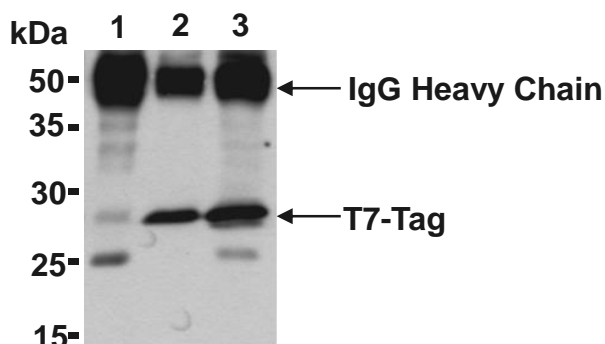
**Western blotting analysis of T7-tagged protein using PM022**

### PROTOCOLS:

#### SDS-PAGE & Western blotting

- 1) Mix the sample with equal volume of Laemmli's sample buffer.
- 2) Boil the samples for 2 minutes and centrifuge. Load 10 µL of the sample per lane in a 1-mm-thick SDS-polyacrylamide gel for electrophoresis.
- 3) Blot the protein to a polyvinylidene difluoride (PVDF) membrane at 1 mA/cm<sup>2</sup> for 1 hour in a semi-dry transfer system (Transfer Buffer: 25 mM Tris, 190 mM glycine, 20% methanol). See the manufacture's manual for precise transfer procedure.
- 4) To reduce nonspecific binding, soak the membrane in 10% skimmed milk (in PBS, pH 7.2) for 1 hour at room temperature, or overnight at 4°C.
- 5) Incubate the membrane with primary antibody diluted with 1% skimmed milk (in PBS, pH 7.2) as suggested in the **APPLICATIONS** for 1 hour at room temperature. (The concentration of antibody will depend on condition.)
- 6) Wash the membrane with PBS-T [0.05% Tween-20 in PBS] (5 minutes x 3).
- 7) Incubate the membrane with the 1:10,000 Anti-IgG (H+L chain) (Rabbit) pAb-HRP (MBL; code no. 458) diluted with 1% skimmed milk (in PBS, pH 7.2) for 1 hour at room temperature.
- 8) Wash the membrane with PBS-T (5 minutes x 6).

- 9) Wipe excess buffer on the membrane, then incubate it with appropriate chemiluminescence reagent for 1 minute. Remove extra reagent from the membrane by dabbing with paper towel, and seal it in plastic wrap.
- 10) Expose to an X-ray film in a dark room for 3 minutes. Develop the film as usual. The condition for exposure and development may vary.



***Immunoprecipitation of T7-tagged protein with normal from pET28a with normal rabbit IgG (1 mg) (1) or PM022 (1 mg) (2) or PM022 (5 mg) (3).***

*After immunoprecipitated with the antibody, immunocomplex was resolved on SDS-PAGE and immunoblotted with PM022.*

**Immunoprecipitation**

- 1) Wash the cells 3 times with PBS and suspend with 10 volume of cold Lysis buffer (50 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.2, 250 mM NaCl, 0.1% NP-40, 2 mM EDTA, 10% glycerol) containing appropriate protease inhibitors. Incubate it at 4°C with rotating for 30 minutes, then sonicate briefly (up to 10 seconds).
- 2) Centrifuge the tube at 12,000 x g for 10 minutes at 4°C and transfer the supernatant to another tube.
- 3) Add the antibody at the amount as suggested in the **APPLICATIONS** to the 200 µL of *E. coli* lysate. Mix well and incubate with gentle agitation for 30-120 minutes at 4°C.
- 4) Add 20 µL of 50% protein A agarose beads resuspended in the Lysis buffer. Mix well and incubate with gentle agitation for 60 minutes at 4°C.
- 5) Centrifuge the tube at 2,500 x g for 10 seconds, and carefully discard the supernatant using a pipettor without disturbing the beads.
- 6) Resuspend the beads with cold Lysis buffer.
- 7) Centrifuge the tube at 2,500 x g for 10 seconds, and carefully discard the supernatant.
- 8) Repeat steps 6)-7) 3-5 times
- 9) Resuspend the beads in 20 µL of Laemmli's sample buffer, boil for 3-5 minutes, and centrifuge for 5 minutes. Use 10 µL/lane for the SDS-PAGE analysis. (See **SDS-PAGE & Western blotting**.)

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