

*Smart-IP Series*

# Anti-DDDDK-tag mAb-Magnetic Agarose

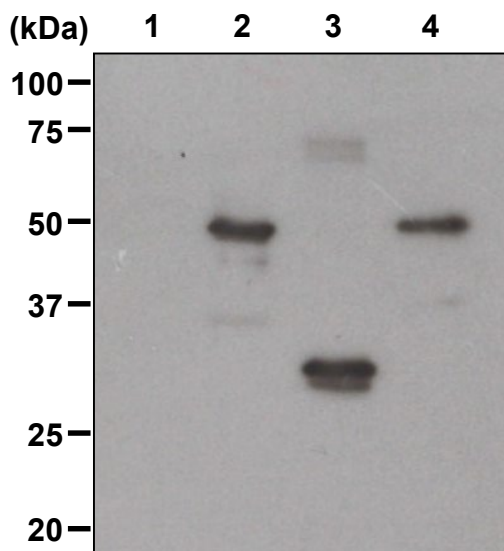
<b>CODE No.</b>	M185-10R
<b>CLONALITY</b>	Monoclonal
<b>CLONE</b>	FLA-1GS
<b>ISOTYPE</b>	Mouse IgG2a $\kappa$
<b>QUANTITY</b>	100 tests (Slurry: 2 mL)
<b>SOURCE</b>	Purified IgG from CHO cell culture supernatant
<b>IMMUNOGEN</b>	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide, DYKDDDDK (DDDDK-tag)
<b>REACTIVITY</b>	This antibody reacts with N-terminal, Internal and C-terminal DDDDK-tagged proteins.
<b>FORMULATION</b>	2 mg of antibody is covalently coupled to 2 mL of magnetic agarose gel slurry suspended in PBS/0.1% ProClin 150
<b>STORAGE</b>	This gel slurry is stable for one year from the date of purchase when stored at 4°C.
<b>APPLICATION-CONFIRMED</b>	
<u>Immunoprecipitation</u>	20 $\mu$ L of slurry/400 $\mu$ L of cell extract from $1 \times 10^6$ cells

For more information, please visit our website at <https://ruo.mbl.co.jp/>.

The descriptions of the following protocols are examples. Each user should determine the appropriate condition.

### **Immunoprecipitation**

- 1) Wash  $1 \times 10^6$  cells 3 times with PBS and suspend them in 400  $\mu$ L of cold Lysis buffer [50 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 0.05% NP-40], then sonicate briefly (up to 10 sec.).
- 2) Centrifuge the tube at 12,000 x g for 5 min. at 4°C and transfer the supernatant to another tube.
- 3) Add magnetic beads as suggested in the **APPLICATION** into 400  $\mu$ L of the cell lysate. Mix well and incubate with gentle agitation for 30 min. at 4°C.
- 4) Place the tube on the magnetic rack (MBL, code no. 3190) for a few seconds.
- 5) Remove the supernatant.
- 6) Add 1 mL of cold Lysis buffer and resuspend the magnetic beads.
- 7) Place the tube on the magnetic rack for a few seconds.
- 8) Remove the supernatant.
- 9) Repeat Steps 6)-8) 3 times.
- 10) Resuspend the magnetic beads in 50  $\mu$ L of Laemmli's sample buffer, boil for 3 min., and place the tube on the magnetic rack for a few seconds.
- 11) Load 5  $\mu$ L of the sample per lane in a 1-mm-thick SDS-polyacrylamide gel (12.5% acrylamide) and carry out electrophoresis.
- 12) Blot the protein to a polyvinylidene difluoride (PVDF) membrane at 1 mA/cm<sup>2</sup> for 1 hr. in a semi-dry transfer system (Transfer Buffer: 25 mM Tris, 190 mM glycine, 20% methanol). See the manufacturer's manual for precise transfer procedure.
- 13) To reduce nonspecific binding, soak the membrane in 10% skimmed milk (in PBS, pH 7.2) for 1 hr. at room temperature.
- 14) Incubate the membrane with 1:10,000 of Anti-DDDDK-tag mAb-HRP-Direct (MBL, code no. M185-7) diluted with 1% skimmed milk (in PBS, pH 7.2) PBS for 1 hr. at room temperature. (The concentration of antibody will depend on the conditions.)
- 15) Wash the membrane with PBS-T [0.05% Tween-20 in PBS] (5 min. x 3).
- 16) Wipe excess buffer on the membrane, then incubate it with appropriate chemiluminescence reagent for 1 min. Remove extra reagent from the membrane by dabbing with paper towel, and seal it in plastic wrap.
- 17) Expose to an X-ray film in a dark room for 1 min. Develop the film as usual settings. The condition for exposure and development may vary.



#### ***Immunoprecipitation of DDDDK-tagged protein***

Lane 1: 293T cell lysate

Lane 2: Met-N-terminal DDDDK-tagged protein X (1  $\mu$ g) in 293T lysate

Lane 3: Internal DDDDK-tagged GFP (1  $\mu$ g) in 293T lysate

Lane 4: C-terminal DDDDK-tagged protein X (1  $\mu$ g) in 293T lysate

Immunoblotted with Anti-DDDDK-tag mAb-HRP-Direct (MBL, code no. M185-7)