

MONOCLONAL ANTIBODY

# Anti-Atg12 (Human) mAb

Code No.	Clone	Subclass	Quantity	Concentration
M154-3	6E5	Mouse IgG1 $\kappa$	100 $\mu$ L	1 mg/mL

**BACKGROUND:** Autophagy is a process of intracellular bulk degradation in which cytoplasmic components including organelles are sequestered within double-membrane vesicles that deliver the contents to the lysosome/vacuole for degradation. Autophagy has two ubiquitin-like conjugation systems, the Atg12 and LC3-II systems. In the Atg12 conjugation system, the Atg12-Atg5-Atg16L forms 800 kDa complex that elongates autophagic isolation membrane. After completion of the formation of the autophagosome, the Atg12-Atg5-Atg16L complex dissociates from the membrane.

**SOURCE:** This antibody was purified from hybridoma (clone 6E5) supernatant using protein A agarose. This hybridoma was established by fusion of mouse myeloma cell P3U1 with C3H mouse lymphocyte immunized with the KLH conjugated synthetic peptide corresponding to internal region of human Atg12.

**FORMULATION:** 100  $\mu$ g IgG in 100  $\mu$ L volume of PBS containing 50% glycerol, pH 7.2. No preservative is contained.

**STORAGE:** This antibody solution is stable for one year from the date of purchase when stored at  $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

**REACTIVITY:** This antibody reacts with human Atg5-Atg12 complex (55 kDa) on Western blotting. Because almost all Atg12 exist in the form of Atg5-Atg12 complex, it is difficult to detect the monomeric Atg12.

## APPLICATIONS:

Western blotting; 1  $\mu$ g/mL

Immunoprecipitation; 5  $\mu$ g/250  $\mu$ L of cell extract from  $1 \times 10^7$  cells

Immunohistochemistry; Not tested

Immunocytochemistry; 10  $\mu$ g/mL

Flow cytometry; Not tested

Detailed procedure is provided in the following **PROTOCOLS**.

## INTENDED USE:

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

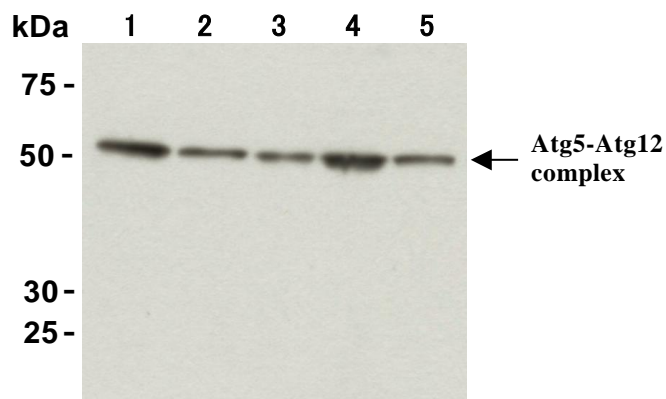
## SPECIES CROSS REACTIVITY:

Species	Human	Mouse	Rat	Hamster
Cells	HeLa, 293T, Jurkat, Raji, T24	NIH/3T3, MEF	PC12	CHO
Reactivity on WB	+	-	-	-

## REFERENCES:

- 1) Mizushima, N., *et al.*, *J. Cell Sci.* **116**, 1679-1688 (2003)
- 2) Mizushima, N., *et al.*, *FEBS Lett.* **532**, 450-454 (2002)
- 3) Tanida, I., *et al.*, *J. Biol. Chem.* **276**, 1701-1706 (2001)

The descriptions of the following protocols are examples. Each user should determine the appropriate condition.



**Western blot analysis of Atg12 expression in HeLa (1), 293T (2), Jurkat (3), Raji (4) and T24 (5) using M154-3.**

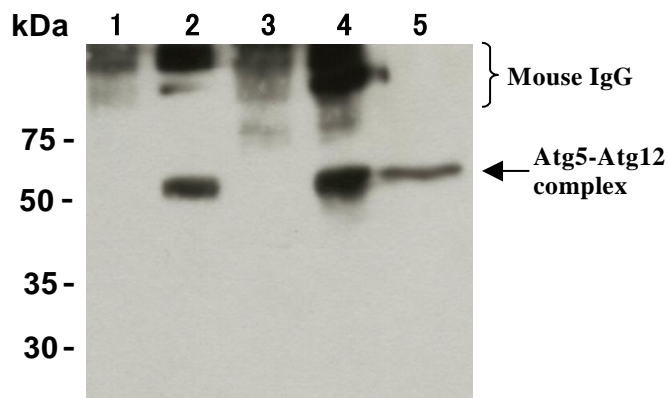
## PROTOCOLS:

### SDS-PAGE & Western Blotting

- 1) Wash the  $1 \times 10^7$  cells 3 times with PBS and suspend with 1 mL of Laemmli's sample buffer.
- 2) Boil the samples for 2 minutes and centrifuge. Load 20  $\mu$ L of the sample per lane in a 1 mm thick SDS-polyacrylamide gel for electrophoresis.
- 3) Blot the protein to a polyvinylidene difluoride (PVDF) membrane at 1 mA/cm<sup>2</sup> for 1 hour in a semi-dry transfer system (Transfer Buffer: 25 mM Tris, 190 mM glycine, 20% MeOH). See the manufacture's manual for precise transfer procedure.
- 4) To reduce nonspecific binding, soak the membrane in 10% skimmed milk (in PBS, pH 7.2) overnight at 4°C.
- 5) Wash the membrane with PBS-T [0.05% Tween-20 in PBS] (5 minutes x 3 times).

- 6) Incubate the membrane with primary antibody diluted with PBS, pH 7.2 containing 1% skimmed milk as suggest in the **APPLICATIONS** for 1 hour at room temperature. (The concentration of antibody will depend on condition.)
- 7) Wash the membrane with PBS-T (5 minutes x 3 times).
- 8) Incubate the membrane with the 1:10,000 HRP-conjugated anti-mouse IgG (MBL; code no. 330) diluted with 1% skimmed milk (in PBS, pH 7.2) for 1 hour at room temperature.
- 9) Wash the membrane with PBS-T (5 minutes x 3 times).
- 10) Wipe excess buffer on the membrane, then incubate it with appropriate chemiluminescence reagent for 1 minute. Remove extra reagent from the membrane by dabbing with paper towel, and seal it in plastic wrap.
- 11) Expose to an X-ray film in a dark room for 3 minutes. Develop the film as usual. The condition for exposure and development may vary.

(Positive controls for Western blotting; HeLa, 293T, Jurkat, Raji, T24)



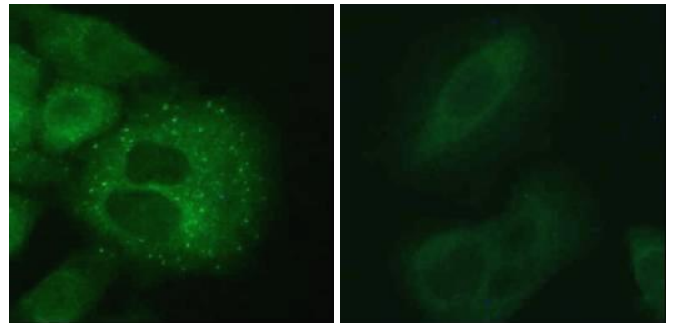
**Immunoprecipitation of Atg12 from HeLa (1, 2) and 293T (3, 4) with Mouse IgG1 (1, 3) or M154-3 (2, 4). After immunoprecipitated with the antibody, immunocomplex was resolved on SDS-PAGE and immunoblotted with M154-3. Lane 5 is positive control for Western blotting.**

### **Immunoprecipitation**

- 1) Wash the cells 3 times with PBS and suspend with 10 volumes of cold Lysis buffer (50 mM Tris-HCl pH 7.5, 150 mM NaCl, 0.05% NP-40) containing appropriate protease inhibitors. Incubate it at 4°C with rotating for 30 minutes, then sonicate briefly (up to 10 seconds).
- 2) Centrifuge the tube at 12,000 x g for 10 minutes at 4°C and transfer the supernatant to another tube.
- 3) Add primary antibody as suggest in the **APPLICATIONS** into 250 µL of the supernatant. Mix well and incubate with gentle agitation for 30-120 minutes at 4°C.
- 4) Add 20 µL of 50% protein A agarose beads resuspended in the cold Lysis buffer. Mix well and incubate with gentle agitation for 60 minutes at 4°C.
- 5) Wash the beads 3-5 times with the cold Lysis buffer (centrifuge the tube at 2,500 x g for 10 seconds).

- 6) Resuspend the beads in 20 µL of Laemmli's sample buffer (2-ME free), boil for 3-5 minutes, and centrifuge for 5 minutes. Use 20 µL/lane for the SDS-PAGE analysis. (See **SDS-PAGE & Western blotting.**)

(Positive controls for Immunoprecipitation; HeLa, 293T)



**Immunocytochemical detection of Atg12 on 4% PFA fixed starved A549 (left) and nutrient A549 (right) with M154-3.**

### **Immunocytochemistry**

- 1) Spread the cells in the nutrient condition on a glass slide, then incubate in a CO<sub>2</sub> incubator for one night.
- 2) Remove the culture supernatant by careful aspiration.
- 3) To obtain serum-starved conditions, culture the cells with Hank's solution or DMEM for 2-4 hours at 37°C.
- 4) Fix the cells by immersing the slide in 4% paraformaldehyde (PFA)/PBS for 10 minutes at room temperature (20~25°C).
- 5) Prepare a wash container such as a 500 mL beaker with a magnetic stirrer. Then wash the fixed cells on the glass slide by soaking the slide with a plenty of PBS in the wash container for 5 minutes. Take care not to touch the cells. Repeat another wash once more.
- 6) Immerse the slide in 100 µg/mL of Digitonin for 10 minutes at room temperature.
- 7) Wash the slide in a plenty of PBS as in the step 5).
- 8) Add the primary antibody diluted with PBS as suggest in the **APPLICATIONS** onto the cells and incubate for 1 hour at room temperature. (Optimization of antibody concentration or incubation condition is recommended if necessary.)
- 9) Wash the slide in a plenty of PBS as in the step 5).
- 10) Add 200 µL of 1:100 FITC conjugated anti-mouse IgG (MBL; code no. IM-0819) diluted with PBS onto the cells. Incubate for 30 minutes at room temperature. Keep out light by aluminum foil.
- 11) Wash the slide in a plenty of PBS as in the step 5).
- 12) Wipe excess liquid from slide but take care not to touch the cells. Never leave the cells to dry.
- 13) Promptly add mounting medium onto the slide, then put a cover slip on it.

(Positive control for Immunocytochemistry; A549)

**RELATED PRODUCTS:**

Other related antibodies and kits are also available.  
Please visit our website at <https://ruo.mbl.co.jp/>.