

MONOCLONAL ANTIBODY

Mouse CD61

Code No.	Clone	Subclass	Quantity	Concentration
M109-3	1-55-4	Rat IgG2a κ	100 μ g	1 mg/mL

BACKGROUND: Platelet activation results in a conformational change of the membrane spanning platelet integrin GPIIb/IIIa (α IIB β 3, CD41/CD61) enabling the binding of the plasma protein fibrinogen. This binding is primarily reversible, but it enhances platelet activation by outside-in signal causing receptor clustering, platelet secretion, and finally irreversible fibrinogen binding and platelet aggregation.

SOURCE: This antibody was purified from hybridoma (clone 1-55-4) supernatant using protein G agarose. This hybridoma was established by fusion of mouse myeloma cell P3U1 with Wister rat lymphocyte immunized with mouse platelet.

FORMULATION: 100 μ g IgG in 100 μ L volume of PBS containing 50% glycerol, pH 7.2. No preservative is contained.

STORAGE: This antibody solution is stable for one year from the date of purchase when stored at -20°C.

REACTIVITY: This antibody reacts with mouse CD61 antigen on Western blotting, Immunoprecipitation and Flow cytometry.

APPLICATIONS:

Western blotting: 1 μ g/mL for chemiluminescence detection system

Immunoprecipitation: 10 μ g/200 μ L of cell extract from 5×10^6 cells

Immunohistochemistry: Not tested

Immunocytochemistry: Not tested

Flow cytometry: 10 μ g/mL (final concentration)

Detailed procedure is provided in the following **PROTOCOLS**.

SPECIES CROSS REACTIVITY:

Species	Human	Mouse	Rat
Cell	PBMC	bone marrow	Not Tested
Reactivity on FCM	-	+	

INTENDED USE:

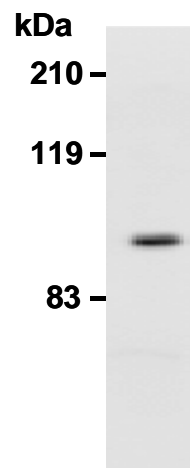
For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

REFERENCES:

- Schwarz, M., *et al.*, *J. Pharmacol. Exp. Ther.* **308**, 1002-1011 (2004)
- De Nichilo, M. O., *et al.*, *J. Immunol.* **156**, 284-288 (1996)

RELATED PRODUCTS:

- D202-3 mouse CD11b (1C4)
- D202-4 FITC labeled mouse CD11b (1C4)
- M100-3 mouse CD11c (223H7)
- M100-4 FITC labeled mouse CD11c (223H7)
- M100-6 Biotin labeled mouse CD11c (223H7)
- M109-3 mouse CD61 (1-55-4)
- K0046-3 Anti-mouse Integrin α 7 (3C12)
- K0046-5 PE labeled anti-mouse Integrin α 7 (3C12)
- K0047-3 Anti-mouse Integrin α 7 (6A11)
- M081-3 Rat IgG2a Isotype control (2H3)
- M081-4 FITC labeled Rat IgG2a Isotype control (2H3)
- M081-8 Agarose conjugated Rat IgG2a Isotype control (2H3)



Western blot analysis mouse CD61 expression in mouse platelet using M109-3 on the non-reduced condition.

PROTOCOLS:

SDS-PAGE & Western Blotting

- Wash the mouse platelets 3 times with PBS
- Mix the sample with equal volume of Laemmli's sample buffer (without 2-mercaptoethanol).
- Boil the samples for 5 minutes and centrifuge. Load 15 μ L of the sample per lane in a 1 mm thick SDS-polyacrylamide gel for electrophoresis.

- 4) Blot the protein to a polyvinylidene difluoride (PVDF) membrane at 1 mA/cm² for 1 hour in a semi-dry transfer system (Transfer Buffer: 25 mM Tris, 190 mM glycine, 20% MeOH). See the manufacture's manual for precise transfer procedure.
- 5) To reduce nonspecific binding, soak the membrane in 5% skimmed milk (in PBS, pH 7.2) for 1 hour at room temperature, or overnight at 4 °C.
- 6) Incubate the membrane with primary antibody diluted with PBS, pH 7.2 containing 1% skimmed milk as suggest in the **APPLICATIONS** for 1 hour at room temperature. (The concentration of antibody will depend on condition.)
- 7) Wash the membrane with PBS-T [0.05% Tween-20 in PBS] (5 minutes x 6 times).
- 8) Incubate the membrane with the 1:2,000 HRP-conjugated anti-rat IgG (MBL; code no. IM-0825) diluted with 1% skimmed milk (in PBS, pH 7.2) for 1 hour at room temperature.
- 9) Wash the membrane with PBS-T (5 minutes x 6 times).
- 10) Wipe excess buffer on the membrane, then incubate it with appropriate chemiluminescence reagent for 1 minute. Remove extra reagent from the membrane by dabbing with paper towel, and seal it in plastic wrap.
- 11) Expose to an X-ray film in a dark room for 5 minutes. Develop the film as usual. The condition for exposure and development may vary. Expose to an X-ray film in a dark room for 10 minutes. Develop the film as usual. The condition for exposure and development may vary.

(Positive control for western blotting; mouse platelet)

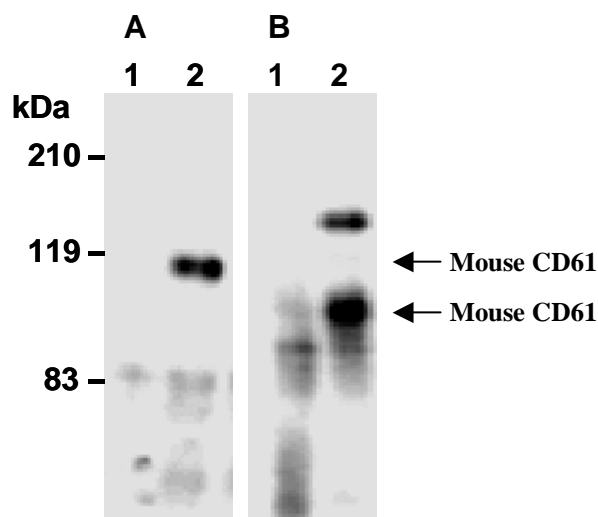
Immunoprecipitation

- 1) Wash the biotin labeled mouse bone marrow cells 3 times with PBS and suspend with 10 volume of cold Lysis buffer (20 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.0, 250 mM NaCl, 0.25% NP-40, 1 mM EDTA, 1 mM DTT) containing appropriate protease inhibitors. Incubate it at 4°C with rotating for 60 minutes.
- 2) Centrifuge the tube at 800 x g for 10 minutes at 4°C and transfer the supernatant to another tube.
- 3) Add primary antibody as suggest in the **APPLICATIONS** into 1 mL of the supernatant. Mix well and incubate with gentle agitation for 1 hour at 4°C.
- 4) Add 20 µL of 50% protein G agarose beads resuspended in the cold PBS. Mix well and incubate with gentle agitation for 1 hour at 4°C.
- 5) Wash the beads 3-5 times with the cold washing buffer (10 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.0, 500 mM NaCl, 0.1% NP-40) (centrifuge the tube at 2,500 x g for 10 seconds).
- 6) Resuspend the beads in 20 µL of Laemmli's sample buffer (with or without 2-mercaptoethanol) and boil the samples for 5 minutes and centrifuge. Load 10 µL of the sample per lane in a 1 mm thick SDS-polyacrylamide gel for electrophoresis.
- 7) Blot the protein to a polyvinylidene difluoride (PVDF) membrane at 1 mA/cm² for 1 hour in a semi-dry transfer system (Transfer Buffer: 25 mM Tris, 190 mM glycine, 20% MeOH). See the manufacture's manual for precise

transfer procedure.

- 8) To reduce nonspecific binding, soak the membrane in 5% skimmed milk (in PBS, pH 7.2) for 1 hour at room temperature, or overnight at 4 °C.
- 9) Incubate the membrane with the 1:2,000 HRP-conjugated streptavidin (MBL; code no. IM-0309) diluted with 1% skimmed milk (in PBS, pH 7.2) for 1 hour at room temperature.
- 10) Wash the membrane with PBS-T [0.05% Tween-20 in PBS](5 minutes x 6 times).
- 11) Wipe excess buffer on the membrane, then incubate it with appropriate chemiluminescence reagent for 1 minute. Remove extra reagent from the membrane by dabbing with paper towel, and seal it in plastic wrap.
- 12) Expose to an X-ray film in a dark room for 3 minutes. Develop the film as usual. The condition for exposure and development may vary.

(Positive control for Immunoprecipitation; mouse bone marrow cell)



Immunoprecipitation of mouse CD61 from mouse bone marrow cells with rat IgG2a (1) or M109-3 (2) on the reduced condition (A) and the non-reduced condition (B). After immunoprecipitated with the antibody, immunocomplex was resolved on SDS-PAGE and immunoblotted with HRP-Streptavidin.

Flow cytometric analysis for floating cells

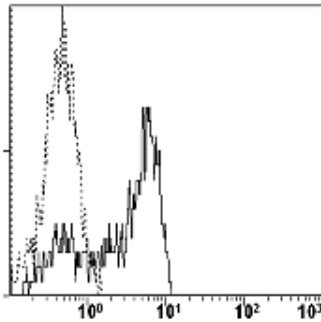
We usually use Fisher tubes or equivalents as reaction tubes for all step described below.

- 1) Wash the cells 3 times with washing buffer [PBS containing 2% fetal calf serum (FCS) and 0.1% NaN₃].
- 2) Resuspend the cells with washing buffer (5x10⁶ cells/mL).
- 3) Add 50 µL of the cell suspension into each tube, and centrifuge at 500 x g for 1 minute at room temperature (20~25°C). Remove supernatant by careful aspiration.
- 4) Add 10 µL of normal goat serum containing 1 mg/mL normal human IgG and 0.1% NaN₃ to the cell pellet after

tapping. Mix well and incubate for 5 minutes at room temperature.

- 5) Add 40 μ L of the primary antibody at the concentration of as suggest in the **APPLICATIONS** diluted in the washing buffer. Mix well and incubate for 30 minutes at room temperature.
- 6) Add 1 mL of the washing buffer followed by centrifugation at 500 x g for 1 minute at room temperature. Remove supernatant by careful aspiration.
- 7) Add 30 μ L of 1:40 PE conjugated anti-rat IgG (MBL; code no. IM-1623) diluted with the washing buffer. Mix well and incubate for 15 minutes at room temperature.
- 8) Add 1 mL of the washing buffer followed by centrifugation at 500 x g for 1 minute at room temperature. Remove supernatant by careful aspiration.
- 9) Resuspend the cells with 500 μ L of the washing buffer and analyze by a flow cytometer.

(Positive control for Flow cytometry; mouse bone marrow cells)



Flow cytometric analysis of mouse CD61 expression on mouse bone marrow cells. Dotted line indicates the reaction of isotypic control to the cells. Solid line indicates the reaction of M109-3 to the cells.