

MONOCLONAL ANTIBODY

# Mouse IgG1 (isotype control)-Agarose

Code No.	Clone	Quantity
M075-8	2E12	Gel: 200 $\mu$ L

**SOURCE:** This antibody was purified from hybridoma (clone 2E12) supernatant using protein A agarose. This hybridoma was established by fusion of mouse myeloma cell P3U1 with Balb/c mouse lymphocyte immunized with KLH.

**FORMULATION:** 200  $\mu$ g of Mouse IgG1 covalently coupled to 200  $\mu$ L of agarose gel and provided as a 50% gel slurry suspended in PBS containing preservative (0.09% sodium azide) for a total volume of 400  $\mu$ L.

\*Azide may react with copper or lead in plumbing system to form explosive metal azides. Therefore, always flush plenty of water when disposing materials containing azide into drain.

**STORAGE:** This antibody is stable for one year from the date of purchase when stored at 4°C.

**REACTIVITY:** No specific binding was detected on Immunoprecipitation.

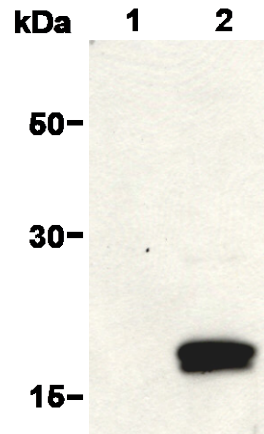
## APPLICATIONS:

Western blotting; Not tested  
Immunoprecipitation; 20  $\mu$ L of gel slurry  
Immunohistochemistry; Not tested  
Immunocytochemistry; Not tested  
Flow cytometry; Not tested

Detailed procedure is provided in the following **PROTOCOL**.

## INTENDED USE:

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.



**Immunoprecipitation of Myc fused protein from transfectant with M075-8 (1) or Agarose-anti-Myc monoclonal antibody (MBL; code no. M047-8) (2). After immunoprecipitated with the antibody, immunocomplex was resolved on SDS-PAGE and immunoblotted with anti-Myc polyclonal antibody (MBL; code no.562).**

The descriptions of the following protocols are examples. Each user should determine the appropriate condition.

## PROTOCOL:

### **Immunoprecipitation**

- 1) Wash the cells 3 times with PBS and suspend with 10 volume of cold Lysis buffer (50 mM Tris-HCl pH 7.5, 150 mM NaCl, 0.05% NP-40) containing appropriate protease inhibitors. Incubate it at 4°C with rotating for 30 minutes, then sonicate briefly (up to 10 seconds).
- 2) Centrifuge the tube at 12,000 x g for 10 minutes at 4°C and transfer the supernatant to another tube.
- 3) Add agarose as suggest in the **APPLICATIONS** into 200  $\mu$ L of cell extract. Mix well and incubate with gentle agitation for 30-120 minutes at 4°C.
- 4) Wash the beads 3-5 times with the cold Lysis buffer (centrifuge the tube at 2,500 x g for 10 seconds).
- 5) Resuspend the agarose in 20  $\mu$ L of Laemmli's sample buffer, boil for 3-5 minutes, and centrifuge for 5 minutes.
- 6) Load 20  $\mu$ L of the sample per lane in a 1-mm-thick SDS-polyacrylamide gel for electrophoresis.
- 7) Blot the protein to a polyvinylidene difluoride (PVDF) membrane at 1 mA/cm<sup>2</sup> for 1 hour in a semi-dry transfer system (Transfer Buffer: 25 mM Tris, 190 mM glycine, 20% MeOH). See the manufacturer's manual for precise

transfer procedure.

- 8) To reduce nonspecific binding, soak the membrane in 5% skimmed milk (in PBS, pH 7.2) for 1 hour at room temperature, or overnight at 4°C.
- 9) Incubate the membrane with the 1:1,000 anti-Myc-tag polyclonal antibody (MBL; code no. 562) diluted with PBS, pH 7.2 containing 1% skimmed milk for 1 hour at room temperature. (The concentration of antibody will depend on condition.)
- 10) Wash the membrane with PBS-T [0.05% Tween-20 in PBS] (5 minutes x 3 times).
- 11) Incubate the membrane with the 1:10,000 HRP-conjugated anti-rabbit IgG (MBL; code no. 458) diluted with 1% skimmed milk (in PBS, pH 7.2) for 1 hour at room temperature.
- 12) Wash the membrane with PBS-T (5 minutes x 3 times).
- 13) Wipe excess buffer on the membrane, then incubate it with appropriate chemiluminescence reagent for 1 minute. Remove extra reagent from the membrane by dabbing with paper towel, and seal it in plastic wrap.
- 14) Expose to an X-ray film in a dark room for 5 minutes. Develop the film as usual. The condition for exposure and development may vary.

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