

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.



RiboCluster Profiler™

RBP Antibody

Anti-RNMT (Human) pAb

CODE No.	RN124PW
CLONALITY	Polyclonal
ISOTYPE	Rabbit Ig, affinity purified
QUANTITY	100 μL, 1 mg/mL
SOURCE	Purified Ig from rabbit serum
FORMURATION	PBS containing 50% Glycerol (pH 7.2). No preservative is contained.
STORAGE	This antibody solution is stable for one year from the date of purchase when stored at -20°C.

APPLICATIONS

Western blotting1:500 for chemiluminescence detection systemImmunoprecipitation $5 \ \mu L/500 \ \mu L$ of cell extract from $1 \ x \ 10^7$ cells/sample

SPECIES CROSS REACTIVITY on WB

Species	Human	Mouse	Rat	Hamster
Cells	HEK293T, Jurkat, K562	NIH/3T3, WR19L	Rat1	СНО
Reactivity	+	-	-	-

Entrez Gene ID 8731 (Human)

For more information, please visit our web site http://ruo.mbl.co.jp/je/rip-assay/

LICENSING OPPORTUNITY: The RIP-Assay uses patented technology (US patent No. 6,635,422, US patent No. 7,504,210 and JP patent No. 5,002,105) of Ribonomics, Inc. MBL manufactures and distributes this product under license from Ribonomics, Inc. Researchers may use this product for their own research. Researchers are not allowed to use this product or RIP-Assay technology for commercial purpose without a license. For commercial use, please contact us for licensing opportunities at RIP@mbl.co.jp



MEDICAL & BIOLOGICAL LABORATORIES CO., LTD. URL <u>http://ruo.mbl.co.jp/je/rip-assay/</u> e-mail <u>support@mbl.co.jp</u>, TEL 052-238-1904

RELATED PRODUCTS

RELATED PRODUCTS				
RIP-Assay Kit				
RN1001	RIP-Assay Kit			
RN1005	RIP-Assay Kit for microRNA			
RIP-Certified	Antibody			
RN001P	Anti-EIF4E pAb			
RN002P	Anti-EIF4G1 (Human) pAb			
RN003P	Anti-EIF4G2 pAb			
RN004P	Anti-ELAVL1 (HuR) pAb			
RN005P	Anti-ELAVL2 (HuB) (Human) pAb			
RN006P	Anti-ELAVL3 (HuC) pAb			
RN007P	Anti-IGF2BP1 (IMP1) pAb			
RN008P	Anti-IGF2BP2 (IMP2) pAb			
RN009P	Anti-IGF2BP3 (IMP3) pAb			
RN010P	Anti-MSI1 (Musashi1) pAb			
RN011P	Anti-PTBP1 (Human) pAb			
RN012P	Anti-STAU1 (Human) pAb			
RN013P	Anti-STAU2 (Human) pAb			
RN015P	Anti-YBX1 pAb			
RN019P	Anti-HNRNPK pAb			
RN020P	Anti-ILF3 (Human) pAb			
RN021P	Anti-KHDRBS1 pAb			
RN022P	Anti-PABPC4 pAb			
RN024P	Anti-PCBP1 pAb			
RN025P	Anti-PCBP2 pAb			
RN026P	Anti-PUM1 pAb			
RN027P	Anti-PUM2 pAb			
RN028P	Anti-EIF2C1 (AGO1) pAb			
RN032P	Anti-CIRBP pAb			
RN033P	Anti-TNRC6A (GW182) (Human) pAb			
RN037P	Anti-AUH pAb			
RN038P	Anti-CPEB1 pAb			
RN041P	Anti-KHDRBS2 (SLM1) pAb			
RN045P RN001M	Anti-SLBP pAb Anti-IGF2BP1 (IMP1) mAb (6H6)			
RN001M RN003M	Anti-EIF2C2 (AGO2) (Human) mAb (1B1-E2H5)			
RN004M	Anti-Ribosomal P0/P1/P2 mAb (9D5)			
RN004M RN005M	Anti-EIF2C2 (AGO2) mAb (2A8)			
RN006M	Anti-EIF4E mAb (C107-3-5)			
RN007M	Anti-ELAVL1 (HuR) mAb (C67-1)			
RN009M	Anti-PABPC1 mAb (10E10)			
RN011M	Anti-2,2,7-trimethylguanosine (m ₃ G/TMG) mAb			
	(C1-36)			
RBP Antibo	day			
RN008MW				
RN010MW	Anti-PIWIL1 (MIWI) mAb (2D9)			
RN023PW	Anti-PABPN1 pAb			
RN047PW	Anti-PTBP2 pAb			
RN050PW	Anti-GRSF1 pAb			
RN051PW	Anti-HDLBP (Vigilin) pAb			
RN052PW	Anti-HNRNPC pAb			
RN054PW	Anti-PCBP3 pAb			
RN060PW	Anti-HNRNPD (AUF1) pAb			
RN061PW	Anti-HNRNPA0 pAb			
RN063PW	Anti-DHX9 pAb			
RN064PW	Anti-FUSIP1 (SRSF10) pAb			
RN065PW	Anti-KHSRP pAb			
DNOCTDW	$\Lambda m t DDD1D10 m \Lambda h$			

RN067PW Anti-PPP1R10 pAb

RN068PW Anti-PPP1R8 pAb RN069PW Anti-RBM14 pAb RN077PW Anti-SMN1 pAb RN078PW Anti-SMNDC1 pAb RN079PW Anti-SRSF7 (9G8) pAb RN080PW Anti-SRSF3 (SRp20) pAb RN081PW Anti-SRSF9 (SRp30c) pAb RN082PW Anti-SRSF5 (SRP40) pAb RN084PW Anti-SRRM1 (SRM160) pAb RN085PW Anti-U2AF1 pAb RN086PW Anti-U2AF2 pAb RN087PW Anti-ALYREF (THOC4) pAb RN088PW Anti-NXF1 (TAP) pAb RN089PW Anti-MAGOH pAb RN090PW Anti-DDX21 pAb RN091PW Anti-DDX23 pAb RN092PW Anti-NONO (P54NRB) pAb RN093PW Anti-PRPF4 pAb RN094PW Anti-PRPF8 pAb RN095PW Anti-SNRNP200 pAb RN096PW Anti-SNRNP40 pAb RN097PW Anti-SNRNP70 pAb RN098PW Anti-EDC4 pAb RN099PW Anti-EIF4A1 pAb RN100PW Anti-EXOSC5 (RRP46) (Human) pAb RN101PW Anti-FBL (Fibrillarin) pAb RN102PW Anti-GEMIN2 (Human) pAb RN103PW Anti-NCBP1 (CBP80) pAb RN104PW Anti-PAN2 (USP52) (Human) pAb RN105PW Anti-PARN pAb RN106PW Anti-SFPQ (PSF) pAb RN107PW Anti-TARDBP (TDP-43) pAb RN108PW Anti-UPF1 pAb RN109PW Anti-XRN1 (Human) pAb RN110PW Anti-CNOT7 (CAF1) pAb RN111PW Anti-ETF1 (eRF1) pAb RN112PW Anti-DCP1B (Human) pAb RN113PW Anti-DHX36 (RHAU) pAb RN114PW Anti-HNRNPA1 pAb RN115PW Anti-LIN28B (Human) pAb RN116PW Anti-DDX39B (UAP56) pAb RN117PW Anti-CCAR2 (DBC1) pAb RN118PW Anti-UPF3B pAb RN119PW Anti-GSPT2 (eRF3b) (Human) pAb RN120PW Anti-RBM8A (Y14) pAb RN121PW Anti-FTO (Human) pAb RN122PW Anti-ALKBH5 pAb RN123PW Anti-YTHDF2 pAb RN124PW Anti-RNMT (Human) pAb RN125PW Anti-HENMT1 pAb RN126PW Anti-AHCY (SAHH) pAb RN127PW Anti-NSUN2 (Human) pAb RN128PW Anti-TRMT6 (Human) pAb RN129PW Anti-DDX6 (RCK/p54) pAb

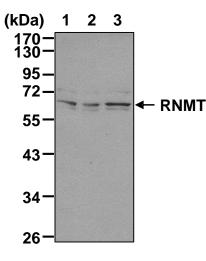
For the latest information of RiboCluster Profiler[™], please visit our website at <u>http://ruo.mbl.co.jp/je/rip-assay/</u>

RN130PW Anti-TRMT61A (Human) pAb

SDS-PAGE & Western blotting

- 1) Wash 1 x 10^7 cells 3 times with PBS and suspend them in 1 mL of Laemmli's sample buffer, then sonicate briefly (up to 20 sec.).
- 2) Boil the samples for 3 min. and centrifuge. Load 10 µL of the sample per lane in a 1-mm-thick SDS-polyacrylamide gel (12.5% acrylamide) for electrophoresis.
- 3) Blot the protein to a polyvinylidene difluoride (PVDF) membrane at 1 mA/cm² for 1 hr. in a semi-dry transfer system (Transfer Buffer: 25 mM Tris, 190 mM glycine, 20% MeOH). See the manufacturer's manual for precise transfer procedure.
- 4) To reduce nonspecific binding, soak the membrane in 5% skimmed milk (in PBS, pH 7.2) overnight at 4°C.
- 5) Wash the membrane with PBS-T [0.05% Tween-20 in PBS] (5 min. x 3 times).
- 6) Incubate the membrane with primary antibody diluted with 1% skimmed milk (in PBS, pH 7.2) as suggested in the **APPLICATIONS** for 1 hr. at room temperature. (The concentration of antibody will depend on the conditions.)
- 7) Wash the membrane with PBS-T (10 min. x 3 times).
- 8) Incubate the membrane with the 1:5,000 of Anti-IgG (Rabbit) pAb-HRP (MBL; code no. 458) diluted with 1% skimmed milk (in PBS, pH 7.2) for 1 hr. at room temperature.
- 9) Wash the membrane with PBS-T (10 min. x 3 times).
- 10) Wipe excess buffer on the membrane, then incubate it with appropriate chemiluminescence reagent for 1 min. Remove extra reagent from the membrane by dabbing with paper towel, and seal it in plastic wrap.
- 11) Expose to an X-ray film in a dark room for 3 min. Develop the film as usual settings. The condition for exposure and development may vary.

(Positive controls for Western blotting; HEK293T, Jurkat and K562)



Western blot analysis of human RNMT

Lane 1: HEK293T Lane 2: Jurkat Lane 3: K562

Immunoblotted with Anti-RNMT (Human) pAb (RN124PW)

Immunoprecipitation

- 1) Wash 2 x 10⁷ cells 4 times with PBS and resuspend them with 1 mL of ice-cold Lysis Buffer (+) (MBL; code no. RN1001) containing appropriate protease inhibitors and DTT. Vortex thoroughly, then incubate on ice for 10 min.
- 2) Centrifuge the tube at 12,000 x g for 5 min. at 4°C and transfer the supernatant to another tube.
- 3) Add 20 μ L of 50% protein G agarose beads slurry resuspended in ice-cold Lysis Buffer (+) into the supernatant. Incubate it at 4°C with rotating for 1 hr.
- 4) Centrifuge the tube at 2,000 x g for 1 min. at 4°C and transfer the supernatant to another tube (precleared sample).
- 5) Mix 20 μL of 50% protein G agarose beads slurry resuspended in 1 mL of ice-cold Wash Buffer (+) (MBL; code no. RN1001) containing DTT at the appropriate concentration with Normal Rabbit IgG (RIP-Assay Kit) or Anti-RNMT (Human) pAb (MBL; code no. RN124PW) as suggested in the APPLICATIONS. Incubate at 4°C with rotating for 1 hr.
- 6) Wash the beads 1 time with ice-cold Lysis Buffer (+). Carefully discard the supernatant.
- 7) Add 500 μ L of the precleared sample (prepared in step 4)) to the tube containing antibody conjugated beads, then incubate with gentle agitation for 2 hr. at 4°C.
- 8) Wash the bead pellet 4 times with 1 mL of ice-cold Wash Buffer (+).
- 9) Resuspend the bead pellet in 20 µL of Laemmli's sample buffer, boil for 3 min. and centrifuge.
- 10) Load 20 µL of the sample per lane in a 1-mm-thick SDS-polyacrylamide gel (12.5% acrylamide) for electrophoresis.
- 11) Blot the protein to a polyvinylidene difluoride (PVDF) membrane at 1 mA/cm² for 1 hr. in a semi-dry transfer system (Transfer Buffer: 25 mM Tris, 190 mM glycine, 20% MeOH). See the manufacturer's manual for precise transfer procedure.
- 12) To reduce nonspecific binding, soak the membrane in 5% skimmed milk (in PBS, pH 7.2) overnight at 4°C.
- 13) Wash the membrane with PBS-T [0.05% Tween-20 in PBS] (5 min. x 3 times).
- 14) Incubate the membrane with primary antibody diluted with 1% skimmed milk (in PBS, pH 7.2) as suggested in the **APPLICATIONS** for 1 hr. at room temperature. (The concentration of antibody will depend on the conditions.)
- 15) Wash the membrane with PBS-T (10 min. x 3 times).
- 16) Incubate the membrane with 1:1,000 of Rabbit TrueBlot[®] anti-Rabbit IgG-HRP (eBioscience; code no. 18-8816-33) diluted with 1% skimmed milk (in PBS, pH 7.2) for 1 hr. at room temperature.
- 17) Wash the membrane with PBS-T (10 min. x 3 times).
- 18) Wipe excess buffer on the membrane, then incubate it with appropriate chemiluminescence reagent for 1 min.
- 19) Remove extra reagent from the membrane by dabbing with paper towel, and seal it in plastic wrap.
- 20) Expose to an X-ray film in a dark room for 3 min. Develop the film as usual. The condition for exposure and development may vary.

(Positive control for Immunoprecipitation; Jurkat)

