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POLYCLONAL ANTIBODY					
Anti-IL-18 (Human) pAb					
Code No.	Quantity	Form			
PM014	100 µL	Purified IgG			

BACKGROUND: Interleukin 18 (IL-18) is an 18 kDa cytokine which identified as a costimulatory factor for production of interferon- $\gamma$  (IFN- $\gamma$ ) in response to toxic shock and shares functional similarities with IL-12. IL-18 is synthesized as a precursor 24 kDa molecule without a signal peptide and must be cleaved to produce an active molecule. IL-1 converting enzyme (ICE, Caspase-1) cleaves pro-IL-18 at aspartic acid in the P1 position, producing the mature, bioactive peptide that is readily released from the cells. It is reported that IL-18 is produced from Kupffer cells, activated macrophages, keratinocytes, intestinal epithelial cells, osteoblasts, adrenal cortex cells and murine diencephalon. IFN- $\gamma$  is produced by activated T or NK cells and plays critical roles in the defense against microbial pathogens. IFN-y activates macrophages, enhances NK activity and B cell maturation, proliferation and Ig secretion, induces MHC class I and II antigens, and inhibits osteoclast activation. IL-18 acts on T helper type-1 (Th1) T cells and in combination with IL-12 strongly induces them to produce IFN-y. Pleiotropic effects of IL-18 has also been reported, such as, enhancement production of IFN-y and GM-CSF in peripheral blood mononuclear cells, production of Th1 cytokines, IL-2, GM-CSF and IFN-y in T cells, enhancement of Fas ligand expression by Th1 cells.

- **SOURCE:** This antibody was purified from rabbit serum using protein A agarose. The rabbit was immunized with human recombinant IL-18.
- **FORMULATION:** 100 µL volume of PBS containing 50% glycerol, pH 7.2. No preservative is contained.
- **STORAGE:** This antibody is stable for one year from the date of purchase when stored at -20°C.

**REACTIVITY:** This antibody reacts with human IL-18 (18 kDa) on Western blotting and Immunohistochemistry.

SPECIES	CROSS	REA	CTIV	<b>ITY:</b>
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Species	Human	Mouse	Rat
Cells	HeLa, U937, A431	WR19L	Not tested
Reactivity on WB	+	-	

### **INTENDED USE:**

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### **APPLICATIONS:**

Western blotting; 1:1,000 Immunoprecipitation; Not tested

Immunohistochemistry; 1:200

Heat treatment for paraffin embedded sections:

Microwave oven, for 20 minutes in 10 mM citrate buffer (pH 6.0)

Immunocytochemistry; Not tested

Flow cytometry; Not tested

Detailed procedure is provided in the following **PROTOCOLS**.

## **RELATED PRODUCTS:**

Please visit our web site https://ruo.mbl.co.jp/.

#### **REFERENCES:**

- 1) Hirano, H., et al., Neuropathology 32, 628-637 (2012) [IHC]
- 2) Komsky, A., et al., Andrologia 44, 1-8 (2012) [IHC]
- 3) Dao, T., et al., Cell Immunol. 173, 230-235 (1996)
- 4) Micallef, M., et al., Eur. J. Immunol. 26, 1647-1651 (1996)
- 5) Ushio, S., et al. J., Immunol. 156, 4274-4279 (1996)
- 6) Okamura, H., et al., Nature 378, 88-91 (1995)



Western blotting analysis of Human IL-18 expression in HeLa cells (1), U937 cells (2) and A431 cells (3) using PM014.

The descriptions of the following protocols are examples. Each user should determine the appropriate condition.

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## PROTOCOLS: SDS-PAGE & Western Blotting

- Wash the cells 3 times with PBS and suspend with 10 volume of cold Lysis buffer [50 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.2), 250 mM NaCl, 0.1% NP-40, 2 mM EDTA, 10% glycerol] containing appropriate protease inhibitors. Incubate it at 4°C with rotating for 30 minutes, then sonicate briefly (up to 10 seconds).
- 2) Centrifuge the tube at 12,000 x g for 10 minutes at 4°C and transfer the supernatant to another tube. Measure the protein concentration of the supernatant and add the Lysis buffer to make 8 mg/mL solution.
- 3) Mix the sample with equal volume of Laemmli's sample buffer.
- 4) Boil the samples for 2 minutes and centrifuge. Load 10  $\mu$ L of the sample per lane in a 1 mm thick SDS-polyacrylamide gel for electrophoresis.
- 5) Blot the protein to a polyvinylidene difluoride (PVDF) membrane at 1 mA/cm<sup>2</sup> for 1 hour in a semi-dry transfer system (Transfer Buffer: 25 mM Tris, 190 mM glycine, 20% methanol). See the manufacture's manual for precise transfer procedure.
- 6) To reduce nonspecific binding, soak the membrane in 10% skimmed milk (in PBS, pH 7.2) for 1 hour at room temperature, or overnight at 4°C.
- 7) Incubate the membrane with primary antibody diluted with 1% skimmed milk (in PBS, pH 7.2) as suggest in the APPLICATIONS for 1 hour at room temperature. (The concentration of antibody will depend on the conditions.)
- 8) Wash the membrane with PBS-T [0.05% Tween-20 in PBS] (5 minutes x 6).
- 9) Incubate the membrane with the 1:10,000 Anti-IgG (Rabbit) pAb-HRP (MBL, code no. 458) diluted with 1% skimmed milk (in PBS, pH 7.2) for 1 hour at room temperature.
- 10) Wash the membrane with PBS-T (5 minutes x 6).
- 11) Wipe excess buffer on the membrane, then incubate it with appropriate chemiluminescence reagent for 1 minute. Remove extra reagent from the membrane by dabbing with paper towel, and seal it in plastic wrap.
- 12) Expose to an X-ray film in a dark room for 10 minutes. Develop the film as usual. The condition for exposure and development may vary.

(Positive controls for Western blotting; HeLa, U937 and A431)

(a)



(b)



(c)



Immunohistochemical detection of human IL-18 on paraffin embedded sections of human colon (a), ileum (b) and pancreatic cancer tissues (c) with PM014.

# Immunohistochemical staining for paraffin-embedded sections

- 1) Deparaffinize the sections with Xylene 3 times for 5 minutes each.
- 2) Wash the slides with Ethanol 3 times for 5 minutes each.
- 3) Wash the slides with PBS 3 times for 5 minutes each.
- 4) Remove the slides from PBS and heat-treated with 10 mM Citrate buffer (pH 6.0) for 20 minutes using microwave oven.
- 5) Let the slides cool down at room temperature in the Citrate buffer.
- 6) Remove the slides from the Citrate buffer and block endogenous peroxidase with 3% H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> in PBS for 10 minutes.
- 7) Wash the slides with PBS twice for 5 minutes each.
- 8) Remove the slides from PBS, wipe gently around each section and cover tissues with blocking buffer (20 mM HEPES, 1% BSA, 135 mM NaCl) for 5 minutes at room temperature (20~25°C) to block non-specific staining. Do not wash.
- 9) Tip off the blocking buffer, wipe gently around each section and cover tissues with primary antibody diluted with blocking buffer as suggested in the **APPLICATIONS** for 1 hour at 4°C. (The concentration of antibody will depend on the conditions.)
- 10) Wash the slides 3 times in PBS for 5 minutes each.
- 11) Wipe gently around each section and cover tissues with  $Histostar^{TM}$  (Ms + Rb) (MBL, code no. 8460). Incubate for 1 hour at room temperature.
- 12) Wash the slides 3 times in PBS for 5 minutes each.
- 13) Visualize by reacting for 5 minutes with Histostar<sup>TM</sup> DAB (MBL, code no. 8469) at room temperature. \*DAB is a suspect carcinogen and must be handled with care. Always wear gloves.
- 14) Wash the slides in water for 5 minutes.
- 15) Counter stain in hematoxylin for 1 minute, wash the slides 3 times in water for 5 minutes. each, and then immerse the slides in PBS for 5 minutes.
- 16) Dehydrate by immersing in Ethanol 3 times for 3 minutes each, followed by immersing in Xylene 3 times for 3 minutes each. Now ready for mounting.

(Positive control for Immunohistochemistry; Human colon, ileum and pancreatic cancer tissue)