For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.



MONOCLONAL ANTIBODY

Anti-UVRAG mAb

Code No. Clone Subclass Quantity Concentration M160-3 1H4 Mouse IgG1 κ 100 μ L 1 mg/mL

BACKGROUND: Autophagy is a process of intracellular bulk degradation in which cytoplasmic components including organelles are sequestered within double-membrane vesicles that deliver the contents to the lysosome/vacuole for degradation. UVRAG (UV irradiation resistance-associated gene) has been identified as an essential component of the Beclin 1-PI3KC3 complex that suppresses tumorigenicity of human colon and promotes Beclin 1 dependent autophagy.

SOURCE: This antibody was purified from hybridoma (clone 1H4) supernatant using protein A agarose. This hybridoma was established by fusion of mouse myeloma cell P3U1 with C3H mouse lymphocyte immunized with the recombinant protein corresponding to amino acid residues 389 to 699 of human UVRAG.

FORMULATION: 100 μg IgG in 100 μL volume of PBS containing 50% glycerol, pH 7.2. No preservative is contained.

STORAGE: This antibody solution is stable for one year from the date of purchase when stored at -20°C.

REACTIVITY: This antibody reacts with UVRAG on Western blotting.

APPLICATIONS:

 $\underline{\text{Western blotting}};~1~\mu\text{g/mL}$ for chemiluminescence detection

system

<u>Immunoprecipitation</u>; Not recommended <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>; Not tested <u>Immunocytochemistry</u>; Not tested*

*It is reported that this antibody can be used in this application in the reference number 4).

Flow cytometry; Not tested

Detailed procedure is provided in the following **PROTOCOL**.

SPECIES CROSS REACTIVITY:

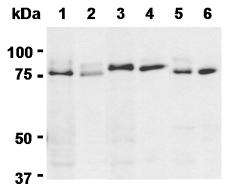
Species	Human	Mouse	Rat	Hamster
Cells	HeLa, Jurkat	NIH/3T3, WR19L	Rat1	СНО
Reactivity on WB	+	+	+	+

REFERENCES:

- 1) Nemazanyy, I., et al., Nat. Commun. 6, 8283 (2015) [IP]
- 2) Zhong, Y., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 289, 26021-26026 (2014) [IP]
- 3) Kim, J., et al., Cell 152, 290-303 (2013) [WB, IP]
- 4) Huang, W., et al., Cell Res. 22, 473-449 (2012) [IC]
- 5) Liang, C., et al., Autophagy 3, 69-71 (2007)
- 6) Liang, C., et al., Nat. Cell Biol. 8, 688-699 (2006)

INTENDED USE:

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.



Western blot analysis of UVRAG expression in HeLa (1), Jurkat (2), NIH/3T3 (3), WR19L (4), Rat1 (5) and CHO (6) using M160-3.

PROTOCOL:

SDS-PAGE & Western Blotting

- 1) Wash the 1 x 10⁷ cells 3 times with PBS and suspend with 1 mL of Laemmli's sample buffer.
- 2) Boil the samples for 2 minutes and centrifuge. Load 10 μ L of the sample per lane in a 1 mm thick SDS-polyacrylamide gel for electrophoresis.
- 3) Blot the protein to a polyvinylidene difluoride (PVDF) membrane at 1 mA/cm² for 1 hour in a semi-dry transfer system (Transfer Buffer: 25 mM Tris, 190 mM glycine, 20% MeOH). See the manufacture's manual for precise transfer procedure.
- 4) To reduce nonspecific binding, place the membrane in 10% skimmed milk (in PBS, pH 7.2) overnight at 4°C.
- 5) Wash the membrane with PBS-T [0.05% Tween-20 in PBS] (5 minutes x 3 times).
- 6) Incubate the membrane with primary antibody diluted with PBS, pH 7.2 containing 1% skimmed milk as suggest in the

- **APPLICATIONS** for 1 hour at room temperature. (The concentration of antibody will depend on condition.)
- 7) Wash the membrane with PBS-T [0.05% Tween-20 in PBS] (5 minutes x 3 times).
- 8) Incubate the membrane with 1:10,000 of Anti-IgG (Mouse) pAb-HRP (MBL; code no. 330) diluted with 1% skimmed milk (in PBS, pH 7.2) for 1 hour at room temperature.
- 9) Wash the membrane with PBS-T (5 minutes x 3 times).
- 10) Wipe excess buffer on the membrane, then incubate it with appropriate chemiluminescence reagent for 1 minute.
- 11) Remove extra reagent from the membrane by dabbing with paper towel, and seal it in plastic wrap.
- 12) Expose to an X-ray film in a dark room for 3 minutes.
- 13) Develop the film as usual. The condition for exposure and development may vary.

(Positive controls for Western blotting; HeLa, Jurkat, NIH/3T3, WR19L, Rat1 and CHO)

RELATED PRODUCTS:

	TROBECTS.
<u>Antibodies</u>	
PM036	Anti-LC3 pAb [WB, IP, IC, IHC, FCM]
M152-3	Anti-LC3 mAb (4E12) [WB, IP, IC, FCM, EM]
M186-3	Anti-LC3 mAb (8E10) [WB]
M186-7	Anti-LC3 mAb-HRP-DirecT (8E10)
PD014	Anti-LC3 pAb [WB]
PM045	Anti-p62 (SQSTM1) pAb
M162-3	Anti-p62 (SQSTM1) (Human) mAb (5F2)
M162-A48	Anti-p62 (SQSTM1) (Human) mAb
	-Alexa Fluor [®] 488 (5F2)
M162-A59	Anti-p62 (SQSTM1) (Human) mAb
	-Alexa Fluor [®] 594 (5F2)
M162-A64	Anti-p62 (SQSTM1) (Human) mAb
	-Alexa Fluor [®] 647 (5F2)
PM066	Anti-p62 C-terminal pAb
PM066-7	Anti-p62 C-terminal pAb-HRP-DirecT
D343-3	Anti-Phospho-p62 (SQSTM1) (Ser403) mAb (4F6)
D344-3	Anti-Phospho-p62 (SQSTM1) (Ser403) mAb (4C8)
PM074	Anti-Phospho-p62 (SQSTM1) (Ser351) pAb
M217-3	Anti-Phospho-p62 (SQSTM1) (Ser351) mAb (5D5)
PD017	Anti-Beclin 1 pAb
PM037	Anti-GABARAP pAb
M135-3	Anti-GABARAP mAb (1F4)
PM038	Anti-GATE-16 pAb
PD041	Anti-Atg2A pAb
PM034	Anti-Atg3 pAb
M133-3	Anti-Atg3 mAb (3E8)
M134-3	Anti-Atg4B mAb (9H5)
PM050	Anti-Atg5 pAb
M153-3	Anti-Atg5 mAb (4D3)
PM039	Anti-Atg7 (Human) pAb
PD042	Anti-Atg9A pAb
M151-3	Anti-Atg10 (Human) mAb (5A7)
M154-3	Anti-Atg12 (Human) mAb (6E5)
PD036	Anti-Atg13 (Human) pAb
M183-3	Anti-Atg13 mAb (5G4)
PD026	Anti-Atg14 pAb
M184-3	Anti-Atg14 (Human) mAb (4H8)
PM040	Anti-Atg16L pAb

M150-3	Anti-Atg16L mAb (1F12)
M160-3	Anti-UVRAG mAb (1H4)
PD027	Anti-Rubicon (Human) pAb
M170-3	Anti-Rubicon (Human) mAb (1H6)
PM069	Anti-NRF2 pAb
M200-3	Anti-NRF2 mAb (1F2)
PD037	Anti-Tel2 pAb
PM072	Anti-VMP1 pAb
PM076	Anti-Syntaxin-17 (Human) pAb
M212-3	Anti-Syntaxin-17 (Human) mAb (2F8)
M224-3	Anti-KEAP1 mAb
M230-3	Anti-Parkin mAb

Kits

8485 Autophagy Ab Sampler Set
8486 Autophagy Watch
PM036 PN Positive control for enti L C3 entibode

PM036-PN Positive control for anti-LC3 antibody

WB: Western blotting
IP: Immunoprecipitation
IC: Immunocytochemistry
IHC: Immunohistochemistry
FCM: Flow cytometry

EM: Immuno-electron microscopy

Other related antibodies and kits are also available. Please visit our web site at http://ruo.mbl.co.jp