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MONOCLONAL ANTIBODY				
Anti-His-tag mAb				
Code No.	Clone	Subclass Mouse LgC2b	Quantity	Concentration
IVI130-3	2D8	Mouse 1gG2b	100 µL	1 mg/mL

BACKGROUND: Expression vectors containing a protein and a tag peptide are commonly used. His-tag fusion protein expression system is preferably used in various laboratories, because its simple protein purification step by heavy metal, such as nickel, affinity chromatography. This specific antibody for His-tag fusion protein is useful tool for monitoring of the fusion protein expression and affinity purification.

- **SOURCE:** This antibody was purified from hybridoma (clone 2D8) supernatant using protein A agarose. This hybridoma was established by fusion of mouse myeloma cell P3U1 with Balb/c mouse lymphocyte immunized with the carrier protein conjugated 6xHis peptide.
- **FORMULATION:** 100 µg IgG in 100 µL volume of PBS containing 50% glycerol, pH 7.2. No preservative is contained.
- **STORAGE:** This antibody solution is stable for one year from the date of purchase when stored at -20°C.
- **REACTIVITY:** This antibody reacts with His-tagged protein on Immunoprecipitation.

APPLICATIONS:

<u>Western blotting</u>; Not tested <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>; 0.5-2 µg/sample <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>; Not tested <u>Immunocytochemistry</u>; Not tested <u>Flow cytometry</u>; Not tested

Detailed procedure is provided in the following **PROTOCOL**.

INTENDED USE:

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

REFERENCES:

- 1) Sakaguchi, M., et al., PLoS One. 6, e23132 (2011) [IP]
- 2) Lee, J. H., et al., J. Virol. 80, 3844-3852 (2006)
- 3) Muro, S., et al., J. Cell Sci. 116, 1599-1609 (2003)
- 4) Isoyama, T., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 277, 39634-39641 (2002)
- 5) Isoyama, T., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 276, 21863-21869 (2001)
- 6) Toshima, J., et al., Mol. Biol. Cell 12, 1131-1145 (2001)



Immunoprecipitation of His-tag from Nterminal His- and DDDDK-tagged protein with Mouse IgG2b (1) or M136-3 (2). After immunoprecipitated with the antibody, immunocomplex was resolved on SDS-PAGE and immunoblotted with Anti-DDDDK-tag (PM020).

The descriptions of the following protocols are examples. Each user should determine the appropriate condition.

PROTOCOLS:

Immunoprecipitation

- 1) Add primary antibody as suggested in the **APPLICATIONS** into 2 μ g of recombinant protein in 200 μ L of cold Lysis buffer [50 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 0.05% NP-40]. Mix well and incubate with gentle agitation for 30-120 minutes at 4°C. Add 20 μ L of 50% protein A agarose beads resuspended in the cold Lysis buffer. Mix well and incubate with gentle agitation for 60 minutes at 4°C.
- 2) Centrifuge the tube at 2,500 x g for 10 seconds and discard the supernatant.
- 3) Resuspend the agarose with cold Lysis buffer.
- 4) Centrifuge the tube at 2,500 x g for 10 seconds and discard the supernatant.
- 5) Repeat steps 2)-4) 2-4 times.
- Resuspend the beads in 20 μL of Laemmli's sample buffer, boil for 3-5 minutes, and centrifuge for 5 minutes.
- 7) Load 10 μ L of the sample per lane in a 1 mm thick SDS-polyacrylamide gel for electrophoresis.
- 8) Blot the protein to a polyvinylidene difluoride (PVDF) membrane at 1 mA/cm² for 1 hour in a semi-dry transfer system (Transfer Buffer: 25 mM Tris, 190 mM glycine, 20% MeOH). See the manufacture's manual for precise transfer procedure.

- 9) To reduce nonspecific binding, soak the membrane in 10% skimmed milk (in PBS, pH 7.2) for 1 hour at room temperature, or overnight at 4°C.
- 10) Incubate the membrane with 1:1,000 of Anti-DDDDK-tag pAb (MBL; code no. PM020) diluted with 1% skimmed milk (in PBS, pH 7.2) for 1 hour at room temperature. (The concentration of antibody will depend on the conditions.)
- 11) Wash the membrane with PBS-T [0.05% Tween-20 in PBS] (5 minutes x 3 times).
- 12) Incubate the membrane with 1:10,000 of Anti-IgG (Rabbit) pAb-HRP (MBL; code no. 458) diluted with 1% skimmed milk (in PBS, pH 7.2) for 1 hour at room temperature.
- 13) Wash the membrane with PBS-T (5 minutes x 3 times).
- 14) Wipe excess buffer on the membrane, then incubate it with appropriate chemiluminescence reagent for 1 minute. Remove extra reagent from the membrane by dabbing with paper towel, and seal it in plastic wrap.
- 15) Expose to an X-ray film in a dark room for 3 minutes. Develop the film as usual. The condition for exposure and development may vary.

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